July 1, 2004 9704-PFS-017

DOCUMENT CONTROL DESK UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555

Reference:

- a) Boeing Letter G-1151-RSO-92-365 dated August 31, 1992; R.S. Orr to the NRC Operations Center
- b) NRC Letter Docket No. 99901227 dated August 12, 1992; L. J. Norrholm to R. S. Orr; Subject: Response to 10 CFR 21 Inquiry

Dear Sir or Madam:

In accordance with the Reference correspondence and 10 CFR 21, Boeing is sending the NRC the attached error notices received from our former software suppliers. Because of unknown current addresses, the following former customers were not notified:

Reactor Controls, Inc
Echo Energy Consultants
Nuclear Applications and Systems Analysis Company (Japan)
Nuclear Power Services
GPU Nuclear Corporation
Tenera, Inc.
Stone & Webster Engineering
Raytheor Engineers & Constructors

Error notices have been sent to our other former customers.

Please note that Mark Snyder has taken another position and the undersigned has assumed the role of Nuclear Administrator for Boeing.

Very truly yours,

Pat Sorge

Nuclear Administrator

Mail Code 7A-XT

Enclosures: GT STRUDL Program Report Forms 2004.1 through 2004.9

IE09

Computer-Aided Structural Engineering Center

Georgia Institute of Technology

GPRF No.: __2004.1_

DATE: 1/26/04

Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0355 SEVERITY LEVEL: Problem results in incorrect answers which may not be apparent or job X URGENT aborts and cannot be recovered within the session or job. Problem results in incorrect answers which are obvious or problem _ SERIOUS prevents completion of a particular user's task. Problem can be worked around or problem poses high frustration factor. MINOR INFORMATIVE Documentation error, program usage tip, user inconveniences. Date Problem Confirmed January 26, 2004 Date Notification Sent 1/26/04 Computers All Operating System All Version All Target Release for Correction Version 28.0 Sr. RE Title R & D Division Michael H. Swanger Typed or Printed Name Configuration Control Manager Signature Professional Services Division Typed or Printed Name

(Continued)

GPRF No.: <u>2004.1</u>

DATE: 1/26/04

DESCRIPTION:

Linear buckling analysis will abort if one or more dynamic loads are among the list of active loads. If dynamic loads are among the defined loading conditions, the work-around is to specify the LOAD LIST command without naming any dynamic loads prior to executing the PERFORM LINEAR BUCKLING ANALYSIS command.

GTSTRUDL User Reference Manual Sections:

The PERFORM LINEAR
BUCKLING ANALYSIS Command

Section 2.8, Volume 3, Rev. R, GTSTRUDL Reference Manual

GPRF No.: 2004, 2

FROM: Computer-Aided Structural Engineering Center Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0355

SEVERITY LEVEL:		,
X URGENT	Problem results in incorrect answers which and cannot be recovered within the session	
_ SERIOUS	Problem results in incorrect answers which completion of a particular user's task.	are obvious or problem prevents
_MINOR	Problem can be worked around or problem	poses high frustration factor.
_INFORMATIVE	Documentation error, program usage tip, us	er inconveniences.
	2/2/04 2/2/04	
Computers All		
Operating SystemAl	1	
Version All version	s prior to Version 28.0 (versions released pri	or to 2004)
Louneaule Signature R & D Division	<u>U</u>	<u>Duectra</u> Title
Kenneth M. Will Typed or Printed Name Out C. Signature Professional Services Div		2/2/04 Date of Signature Configuration Control Manager Title
David C. Leg Typed or Printed Name		2/2/04 Date of Signature

GPRF No.: 2004, 2

DATE: 2/2/04

DESCRIPTION:

When the following is done in the Scope Environment, an incorrect display of contouring results (stresses, resultants, etc) may be produced:

- (1) A window on a 3-D structure is created.
- (2) The window is rotated (not a planar view)
- (3) A contour (stress, resultants, etc) for the window is displayed.

Workaround:

If all of the elements are in a common plane, display a plan view of the window. You can also use the CONTOUR command with plane specs to create a window of a plane in the model.

In addition, you can use GTMenu to create a view of a plane of the model and then display the contours.

Applicable Section of the Documentation:

Please note that the Scope Environment was removed from the documentation with the release of Version 26 and Revision R of the GTSTRUDL Reference Manuals as the Scope Environment is no longer under development.

In previous revisions of the Reference Manual, the Contour command for the Scope Environment was found in Section 2.7.6.14.4 of Volume 3.

Computer-Aided Structural Engineering Center

Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0355 GPRF No.: <u>2004.3</u>

DATE: 2/4/04

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SEVERITY LEVEL	<i>į</i> .	
X_URGENT		et answers which may not be apparent or job ered within the session or job.
_ SERIOUS	Problem results in incomprevents completion of a pa	rect answers which are obvious or problem articular user's task.
_MINOR	Problem can be worked are	ound or problem poses high frustration factor.
_ INFORMATIVE	Documentation error, prog	ram usage tip, user inconveniences.
Date Problem Confi	rmed <u>February 3, 2004</u>	
Operating System	All	·
Version All		
_	Correction Version 28.0	
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Michael H. Swange Typed or Printed Na		2/3/04 Date of Signature
Signature		Configuration Control Manager Title
Professional Service	es Division	; I
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GPRF No.: 2004.3

DATE: 2/4/04

DESCRIPTION:

The NONLINEAR ANALYSIS command may abort when nonlinear spring elements are present in the model and all joints are fully fixed supports. The work-around is to make certain the model is correct.

GTSTRUDL User Reference Manual Sections:

Nonlinear Spring Element Section 2.5.3, Volume 3, Rev. R,

GTSTRUDL Reference Manual

NONLINEAR ANALYSIS Command Section 2.5.5, Volume 3, Rev. R,

GTSTRUDL Reference Manual

Computer-Aided Structural Engineering Center

Georgia Institute of Technology

GPRF No.: 2004.4

DATE: 2/19/04

Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0355 SEVERITY LEVEL: $_$ URGENT Problem results in incorrect answers which may not be apparent or job aborts and cannot be recovered within the session or job. X SERIOUS Problem results in incorrect answers which are obvious or problem prevents completion of a particular user's task. _ MINOR Problem can be worked around or problem poses high frustration factor. _ INFORMATIVE Documentation error, program usage tip, user inconveniences. Date Problem Confirmed February 18, 2004 Date Notification Sent 2 10 04 Computers All Operating System All Target Release for Correction Version 28.0 Signature R & D Division Michael H. Swanger Typed or Printed Name Signature Professional Services Division Typed or Printed Name

GPRF No.: <u>2004.4</u>

DATE: 2/19/04

DESCRIPTION:

When rigid bodies are DELETED, i.e. specified in DELETIONS mode, any slave joints of the deleted rigid bodies having only one incident member or element will be incorrectly marked INACTIVE. Any subsequent analysis (stiffness, dynamic, etc.) will then terminate with one or more error messages indicating that there is an active member or element incident on the subject inactive joints. Consider the following example:

```
39} > TYPE RIGID PLANE
  40} > RIGID BODY INCIDENCES
  41} > 'RP1' 'M1' 5 TO 8
                               $ JOINT M1 IS THE MASTER JOINT; JOINTS 5 TO 8
  42} >
                               $ ARE THE SLAVE JOINTS
         'RP2' 'M2' 9 TO 12 $ JOINT M2 IS THE MASTER JOINT; JOINTS 9 TO 12
  43} >
  44} >
                              $ ARE THE SLAVE JOINTS
  69} > DELETIONS
  70} > RIGID BODIES 'RP2'
**** INFO STMJDL -- THE FOLLOWING JOINTS WERE MADE INACTIVE WHEN THE ABOVE MEMBERS WERE DELETED
                      M2
                               9
                                         10
                                                   11
                                                             12
  71 > ADDITIONS
```

Rigid body RP2 is defined by master joint M2 and slave joints 9 through 12 (lines 39 to 44), then subsequently deleted (lines 69 and 70). The printed message — **** INFO_STJMDL... — indicates that the master joint M2 and the slave joints 9, 10, 11, and 12 were marked inactive. The inactive status for joint M2 is valid because indeed, no other members are attached to this joint. However, slave joints 9 through 12 were erroneously marked inactive because only one non-rigid body member is incident on these joints (had there been two or more members attached to these joints, the joints would not have been marked inactive). A subsequent attempt to execute a STIFFNESS analysis produced the following error messages:

```
74) > STIFFNESS
 **** INFO STCHCK -- THE FOLLOWING MASTER NODES HAVE INCIDENT RIGID PLANE,
                     PLATE, OR PIN ELEMENTS ONLY AND HAVE BEEN CHANGED TO
                     PLANAR STATUS:
**** ERROR STCHCK -- MEMBER 5
                                      IS INCIDENT ON INACTIVE JOINT 9
                                                                             MEMBER IGNORED IN THIS
ANALYSIS
**** ERROR_STCHCK -- MEMBER 6
                                      IS INCIDENT ON INACTIVE JOINT 10
                                                                             MEMBER IGNORED IN THIS
ANALYSIS
 **** ERROR STCHCK -- MEMBER 7
                                      IS INCIDENT ON INACTIVE JOINT 11
                                                                             MEMBER IGNORED IN THIS
ANALYSIS
 **** ERROR_STCHCK -- MEMBER 8
                                      IS INCIDENT ON INACTIVE JOINT 12
                                                                             MEMBER IGNORED IN THIS .
```

ANALYSIS

**** WARN_STDSY1 -- SCAN mode is ON. Analysis will be halted.

Slave joints 9 through 12 should not have been marked inactive because at least one active member was attached to each joint.

One possible work-around is to re-activate the erroneously inactivated joints and delete and re-define the members that are indicated to be incident on the inactive joints:

ACTIVE JOINTS 9 TO 12

DELETIONS

MEMBERS 5 TO 8

ADDITIONS

TYPE SPACE FRAME

MEMBER INCIDENCES

5 5 9 6 6 10 7 7 11 8 8 12

GTSTRUDL User Reference Manual Sections:

Joint Constraints – Rigid Bodies and Joint Ties

Section 2.6.5, Volume 3, Rev. R, GTSTRUDL Reference Manual

Computer-Aided Structural Engineering Center

Georgia Institute of Technology

GPRF No.: <u>2004.5</u>

DATE: 3/4/04

Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0355 **SEVERITY LEVEL:** Problem results in incorrect answers which may not be apparent or job _ URGENT aborts and cannot be recovered within the session or job. X SERIOUS Problem results in incorrect answers which are obvious or problem prevents completion of a particular user's task. Problem can be worked around or problem poses high frustration factor. _ MINOR _ INFORMATIVE Documentation error, program usage tip, user inconveniences. Date Problem Confirmed March 3, 2004 Date Notification Sent 3/4/04 Computers All Operating System_All_ Version All Target Release for Correction Version 28.0 Sr. RE Title R & D Division Michael H. Swanger Typed or Printed Name Signature **Professional Services Division** Typed or Printed Name

GPRF No.: _ 2004.5_

DATE: 3/4/04

DESCRIPTION:

Static analysis will abort if member and/or element loads are applied to rigid bodies. The work-around is to remove any rigid body names from member and element lists in member and element load commands.

GTSTRUDL User Reference Manual Sections:

Joint Constraints – Rigid Bodies and Joint Ties

Section 2.6.5, Volume 3, Rev. R, GTSTRUDL Reference Manual

GPRF No.: <u>2004.6</u>

DATE: 3/22/04

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SEVERITY LE	<u>/EL</u> :		
_URGENT	Problem results in incorrect answers which may not be apparent or job aborts and cannot be recovered within the session or job.		
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_MINOR	Problem can be worked are	Problem can be worked around or problem poses high frustration factor	
_ INFORMATI	VE Documentation error, prog	gram usage tip, user inconveniences.	
Date Problem C	onfirmed <u>March 22, 2004</u>		
Date Notification	n Sent <u> </u>		
Computers <u>All</u>			
Operating System	m_All		
Version <u>All</u>			
	For Correction Version 28.0	Sr. RE Title	
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Devid C. 16 Typed or Printed	Name	3/22/04 Date of Signature	

GPRF No.: <u>2004.6</u>

DATE: 3/22/04

DESCRIPTION:

Nonlinear static analysis computes incorrect reactions under the following conditions:

- 1. The support is released and all released degrees of freedom are fully released. Elastic supports do not satisfy this condition.
- 2. A joint load is applied in one or more of the fully fixed degrees of freedom. Joint loads are applied by the JOINT LOAD command and the JOINTS option of the DEAD LOAD and SELF WEIGH commands. Note that the JOINTS option of the DEAD LOAD and SELF WEIGHT commands apply the joint loads automatically, which may not make this condition readily noticable.

The reaction components corresponding to the fully fixed degrees of freedom under these conditions do not include the addition of the applied joint load components. Other reaction components are correct.

GTSTRUDL User Reference Manual Sections:

NONLINEAR ANALYSIS Command Section 2.5.5, Volume 3, Rev. R,
GTSTRUDL Reference Manual

GPRF No.: <u>2004.7</u>

DATE: 3/22/04

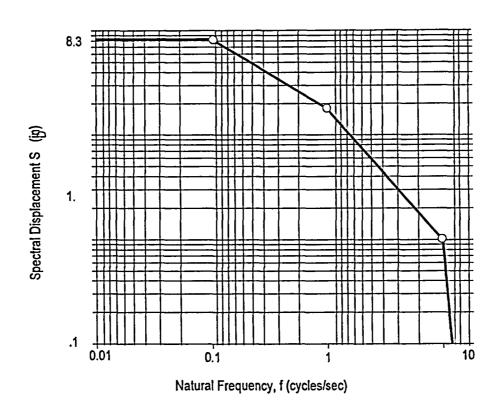
FROM:	Georgia Insti	Aided Structural Engineering Center stitute of Technology corgia 30332-0355		
SEVERITY I	LEVEL:			
_URGENT		Problem results in incorrect answers which may not be apparent or job aborts and cannot be recovered within the session or job.		
_ SERIOUS		Problem results in incorrect answers which are obvious or problem prevents completion of a particular user's task.		
_MINOR		Problem can be worked around or problem poses high frustration factor.		
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Dand C	K	_	Contiguration Control Ma	ings.
Signature Professional	Services Divi	sion	Title	
David C Typed or Pri	Kennted Name	-	J/22/04 Date of Signature	

GPRF No.: 2004.7

DATE: 3/22/04

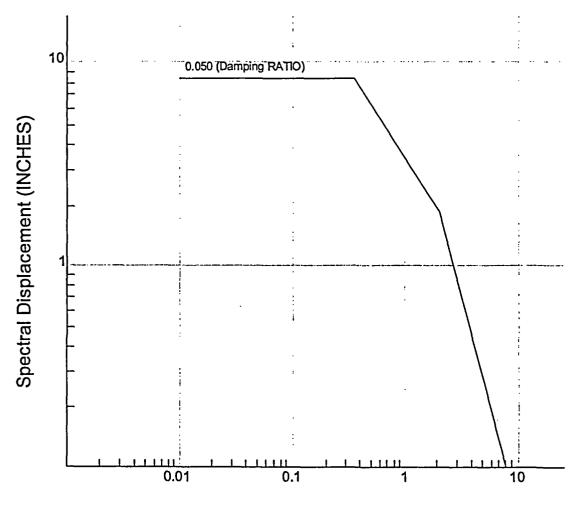
DESCRIPTION:

Figure 3.14-3, Section 3.14, GTSTRUDL Verification Manual, Volume 1, depicting an X-Y plot of response spectrum file EQUAKE, is incorrect. The incorrect figure is shown below, followed by a correct figure:



Incorrect Figure 3.14-3

Plot of Response Spectrum File 'EQUAKE'



Frequency (CYCLES/SECOND)

Correct Figure 3.14-3

GPRF No.: 2004.8

DATE: 4/9/04

FROM:

Computer-Aided Structural Engineering Center

Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0355

X URGENT	Problem results in incorrect answers which may not be apparent or job aborts and cannot be recovered within the session or job.
_ SERIOUS	Problem results in incorrect answers which are obvious or problem prevents completion of a particular user's task.
_MINOR	Problem can be worked around or problem poses high frustration factor.
_ INFORMATIVE	Documentation error, program usage tip, user inconveniences.
Date Problem Confirmed _	April 6, 2004
Date Notification Sent	1/2/04
Computers All	
Operating System All	
Version All	
Target Release for Correcti	on Version 28.0
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Michael H. Swanger Typed or Printed Name	
Signature	Contiguration Control Manager Title
Professional Services Divis	ion I ,
Typed or Printed Name	<u>Ч/Ч/дч</u> Date of Signature

GPRF No.: <u>2004.8</u>

DATE: 4/9/04

DESCRIPTION:

GTSTRUDL analyses (stiffness analysis, dynamic analysis, etc.) will abort or indicate the presence of instabilities if the model contains a slave joint that is constrained by two or more different master joints. The abort is a floating point exception that produces no error message. Although Section 2.6.5.2.2, Volume 3 of the GTSTRUDL Reference Manual states that this condition shall not be modeled, no program consistency check is made to detect this condition and the abort/instabilites will occur. The work-around is to correct the model so that all slave joints have one and only one master joint.

GTSTRUDL Reference Manual Sections

RIGID BODY INCIDENCES Command

Section 2.6.5.2.2, Volume 3

GPRF No.: <u>2004.9</u>

DATE: 5/7/04

Computer-Aided Structural Engineering Center Georgia Institute of Technology Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0355 **SEVERITY LEVEL:** Problem results in incorrect answers which may not be apparent X URGENT or job aborts and cannot be recovered within the session or job. Problem results in incorrect answers which are obvious or SERIOUS problem prevents completion of a particular user's task. Problem can be worked around or problem poses high frustration _ MINOR factor. _ INFORMATIVE Documentation error, program usage tip, user inconveniences. Date Problem Confirmed April 30, 2004 Date Notification Sent 5/7/04 Computers All Operating System All Version All Target Release for Correction Version 28.0 Signature R & D Division Michael H. Swanger Typed or Printed Name Contiguration Control Manager Signature **Professional Services Division**

GPRF No.: 2004.9

DATE: 5/7/04

DESCRIPTION:

The PILE ANALYSIS USING SUPERELEMENT command of the Offshore Analysis Module may abort. There is no known work-around.

GTSTRUDL Reference Manual Sections

PILE ANALYSIS USING SUPERELEMENT Command

Section 6.4, Volume 8